

Tabla de derivadas e integrales

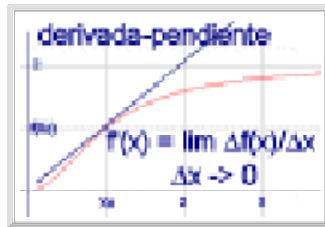


TABLA DE DERIVADAS

FUNCIÓN	FUNCIÓN DERIVADA	FUNCIÓN	FUNCIÓN DERIVADA
$Y = k$	$Y' = 0$	$Y = x$	$Y' = 1$
$Y = u \pm v \pm w$	$Y' = u' \pm v' \pm w'$	$Y = u \cdot v$	$Y' = u \cdot v' + u' \cdot v$
$Y = \frac{u}{v}$	$Y' = \frac{v \cdot u' - v' \cdot u}{v^2}$	$Y = \text{Log}_k u$	$Y' = \frac{u'}{u} \cdot \text{Log}_k e \quad (*)$
$Y = u^n$	$Y' = u' \cdot n \cdot u^{n-1}$	$Y = L_n u$	$Y' = \frac{u'}{u}$
$Y = k^u$	$Y' = u' \cdot k^u \cdot L_n k \quad (**)$	$Y = e^u$	$Y' = u' \cdot e^u$
TRIGONOMÉTRICAS			
$Y = \text{sen } u$	$Y' = u' \cdot \cos u$	$Y = \text{cosec } u$	$Y' = -u' \cdot \text{cosec } u \cdot \cotg u$
$Y = \cos u$	$Y' = -u' \cdot \text{sen } u$	$Y = \sec u$	$Y' = u' \cdot \sec u \cdot \text{tg } u$
$Y = \text{tg } u$	$Y' = u' \cdot (1 + \text{tg}^2 u) \quad = (**)$	$Y = \cotg u$	$Y' = -u' \cdot \text{cosec}^2 u$
$Y = \text{arsen } u$	$Y' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$	$Y = \text{arcosec } u$	$Y' = \frac{-u'}{ u \cdot \sqrt{u^2-1}}$
$Y = \text{arcos } u$	$Y' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$	$Y = \text{arsec } u$	$Y' = \frac{u'}{ u \cdot \sqrt{u^2-1}}$
$Y = \text{artg } u$	$Y' = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$	$Y = \text{arcotg } u$	$Y' = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2}$
$Y = u^v$	$Y' = v' \cdot u^v \cdot L_n u + v \cdot u^{v-1} \cdot u'$		
$Y = f(x) \Rightarrow L_n Y = L_n f(x) \Rightarrow (Y'/Y) = (L_n f(x))' \Rightarrow Y' = Y \cdot (L_n f(x))'$			
$(*) \ L_n k = 1/(\text{Log}_k e) \quad ; \quad (***) = u' / (\cos^2 u) = u' \cdot \sec^2 u \quad ;$			
u, v, w son funciones de $x \quad ; \quad u'$ es la derivada de u respecto de x , $u' = du/dx \quad ; \quad k$ es una cte. L_n es Log base $e \quad ; \quad n$ y b son números racionales $\quad ; \quad u $ es valor absoluto de u .			

Tabla de derivadas e integrales

TABLA DE INTEGRALES			
FUNCIÓN	FUNCIÓN INTEGRAL	FUNCIÓN	FUNCIÓN INTEGRAL
$\int k \, du = k \int du$	$k \cdot u$	$\int k u(x) \, dx$	$k \int u(x) \, dx$
$\int (u \pm v \pm w) \, du$	$\int u \, dx \pm \int v \, dx \pm \int w \, dx$	$\int u^n \, du$	$\frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1}$
$\int u \, dv$	$u \cdot v - \int v \cdot du$ (por partes)	$\int f(kx) \, dx$	$\frac{1}{k} \cdot \int f(u) \, du$
$\int \frac{du}{u}$	$L_n u $	$\int e^u \, du$	e^u
$\int k^u \, du$	$\frac{k^u}{L_n k} ; k > 0 ; k \neq 1$	$\int \sqrt{u} \, du$	$\frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} = \frac{2 \cdot u^{3/2}}{3}$
$\int \operatorname{sen} u \, du$	$-\cos u$	$\int \cos u \, du$	$\operatorname{sen} u \, du$
$\int \operatorname{tg} u \, du$	$L_n \sec u = -L_n \cos u$	$\int \operatorname{cotg} u \, du$	$L_n \operatorname{sen} u$
$\int \operatorname{sec}^2 u \, du$	$\operatorname{tg} u$	$\int \operatorname{cosec}^2 u \, du$	$-\operatorname{cotg} u$
$\int \operatorname{sec} u \cdot \operatorname{tg} u \, du$	$\operatorname{sec} u$	$\int \operatorname{cosec} u \cdot \operatorname{cotg} u \, du$	$-\operatorname{cosec} u$
$\int \operatorname{sec} u \, du$	$L_n (\operatorname{sec} u + \operatorname{tg} u) = L_n \operatorname{tg}(u/2)$	$\int \operatorname{cosec} u \, du$	$L_n \operatorname{tg}(u/2)$
$\int \operatorname{sen}^2 u \, du$	$(\frac{1}{2}) u - (\frac{1}{4}) \operatorname{sen}(2u)$	$\int \cos^2 u \, du$	$(\frac{1}{2}) u + (\frac{1}{4}) \operatorname{sen}(2u)$
$\int \operatorname{tg}^2 u \, du$	$-u + \operatorname{tg} u$	$\int \operatorname{sec}^2 u \, du$	$\operatorname{tg} u$
$\int \frac{\operatorname{sen} u}{\cos^2 u} \cdot du$	$\operatorname{sec} u$	$\int \frac{\cos u}{\operatorname{sen}^2 u} \cdot du$	$-\operatorname{cosec} u$
$\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$	$\operatorname{arsen} u = -\operatorname{arcos} u$	$\int \frac{du}{1+u^2}$	$\operatorname{artg} u = -\operatorname{arcotg} u$
$\int \frac{du}{u^2+k^2}$	$\frac{1}{k} \cdot \operatorname{artg} u$	$\int \frac{du}{u^2-k^2}$	$\frac{1}{2k} \cdot L_n \frac{u-k}{u+k}$
$\int \frac{du}{k^2-u^2}$	$\frac{1}{2k} L_n \frac{k+u}{k-u}$	$\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{k^2+u^2}}$	$L_n (u + \sqrt{k^2+u^2})$
$\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{k^2-u^2}}$	$\operatorname{arsen} \frac{u}{k}$	$\int \frac{du}{u \sqrt{u^2-k^2}}$	$-\frac{1}{k} \cdot \operatorname{arcosec} \frac{u}{k}$

(* En todas las integrales hay que sumar la cte de integración ; $k \in R$; $n \in Q$; u, v, w funciones de x .